

RECOGNIZING AND AVOIDING

BUSINESS EMAIL COMPROMISE ATTACKS

Stop Wire Transfer Fraud in Its Tracks

BEC Q&A

What Is Business Email Compromise?

as a BEC attack — is a type of phishing attack in

Who Is Targeted in a BEC Attack?

is authorized to complete financial transactions as transactions (including agents, buyers, and sellers).

How Does a BEC Attack Happen?

BEC attacks are often highly sophisticated and carefully planned, making it difficult for a target to identify

Do the Research

an organization and/or the targeted individual(s). They will then gather information using social media channels, publicly

Lay the Groundwork

combination of phone calls and "spoofed" or hacked email messages, which appear as though they are coming from a trusted source (like a CEO, CFO, external supplier, or law firm). Multiple communications can take place over days, weeks, or even longer in order to create a sense of trust and familiarity.



account controlled by the

Set the Trap

Ultimately, the attacker asks the target to initiate a wire transfer for a seemingly legitimate business reason. Because the target





Are BEC Attacks Strictly About Wire Transfer Fraud?

BEC attacks are most commonly tied to fraudulent wire transfers, but similar techniques have been used to obtain sensitive information, like wage and tax statements and other confidential employee data. In these cases, the target is asked to send employees' personally identifiable information (PII) to a seemingly legitimate requester, and that data is then used to commit tax fraud and other crimes.

BEC by the Numbers

Between October 2013 and May 2018:

\$12.5 billion in exposed losses reported by financial institutions worldwide 78,000 global incidents reported by financial institutions worldwide

43,000 victim complaints worldwide with \$3.6 billion in exposed losses



136% increase in identified exposed losses between December 2016 and May 2018

BEC scams reported in 150 countries and all 50 US states



Fraudulent wire transfers sent to 115 countries

Approximately 900 reported W-2 phishing attacks in 2017

BEC Prevention and Protection

BEC attacks cannot succeed if you don't take the bait! Use these tips to identify and avoid these types of



Be careful about your social media posts and connections. Consider all information shared to be public and permanent.



Be on guard with all unsolicited emails and phone calls. Even seemingly small pieces of information — like vendor names and vacation schedules — are useful to cybercriminals.



Verify originating email addresses and phone numbers when sensitive requests are made. These details can be spoofed by attackers to make them look legitimate.



Implement a form of two-factor authentication before initiating wire transfers or providing sensitive data. Call a known, verified phone number and have a voice-to-voice conversation to confirm the request is legitimate.



If you believe you have been a victim of a BEC attack, alert your supervisor, financial institution, IT department, and authorities as soon as possible. Quick action can help to minimize the damage.